

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

Woodlynne Borough
Camden County

NJPDES #: NJG0152919

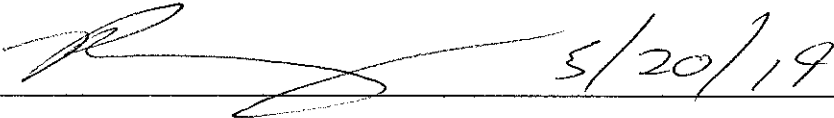
Last Revision Date: 5/20/2019

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SPPP Form 1 – SPPP Team Members

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

Stormwater Program Coordinator (SPC)	
Print/Type Name and Title	Robert Kenny Certified Public Works Manager
Office Phone # and eMail	856-745-6700 kenny.robert094@gmail.com
Signature/Date	 5/20/19
Individual(s) Responsible for Major Development Project Stormwater Management Review	
Print/Type Name and Title	Robert Kenny, CPWM
Print/Type Name and Title	Jeraldo Fuentes, Administrator
Print/Type Name and Title	Bach Associates, Consulting Engineer
Print/Type Name and Title	
Print/Type Name and Title	
Other SPPP Team Members	
Print/Type Name and Title	Laverne Davis, Court Administration
Print/Type Name and Title	Michael Kwasizur, Borough Clerk
Print/Type Name and Title	

SPPP Form 2 – Revision History

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

	Revision Date	SPC Initials	SPPP Form Changed	Reason for Revision
1.				
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SPPP Form 3 – Public Involvement and Participation Including Public Notice

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Website URL where the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP) is posted online:	http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/
2. Date of most current SPPP:	5/20/2019
3. Website URL where the Municipal Stormwater Management Plan (MSWMP) is posted online:	http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/ Posted as ordinance 7-2007
4. Date of most current MSWMP:	March 2005
5. Physical location and/or website URL where associated municipal records of public notices, meeting dates, minutes, etc. are kept:	200 Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ
<p>6. Describe how the permittee complies with applicable state and local public notice requirements when providing for public participation in the development and implementation of a MS4 stormwater program:</p> <p>For meetings where public notice is required under the Open Meetings Act (Sunshine Law, N.J.S.A. 10:4-6 et seq.), the Borough of Woodlynne provides public notice in a manner that complies with the requirements of that Act. Also, in regards to the passage of ordinances, the Borough of Woodlynne provides public notice in a matter that complies with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 40:49-1 et seq. In addition, for municipal actions (e.g. adoption of the municipal stormwater management plan) subject to the public notice requirements in the Municipal Land Use Laws (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.), the Borough of Woodlynne complies with those requirements.</p>	

SPPP Form 4 – Public Education and Outreach

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Describe how public education and outreach events are advertised. Include specific websites and/or physical locations where materials are available.

For our annual distribution we hand deliver DEP brochures to our residents and businesses.

Extra copies are available in the main office of our municipal hall. Our annual event will be held each year in coordination with our annual 4th of July celebration. We make the DEP brochure and other educational materials available at our table.

The DEP brochures are also posted on Woodlynne's website at <http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/>

2. Describe how businesses and the general public within the municipality are educated about the hazards associated with illicit connections and improper disposal of waste.

Business and the general public are educated about the hazards with illicit connections and improper disposal of waste by distribution of DEP brochures to our residents and businesses, an educational speech given at the 4th of July celebration, and an educational speech given annually at Earth Day to our school children.

The DEP brochures are also posted on Woodlynne's website at <http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/>

3. Indicate where public education and outreach records are maintained.

Copies of the DEP brochure are available at the municipal hall and are posted on Woodlynne's website at <http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/>

Solutions to Stormwater Pollution

Easy Things You Can Do Every Day To Protect Our Water

A Guide to Healthy Habits for Cleaner Water

Pollution on streets, parking lots and lawns is washed by rain into storm drains, then directly to our drinking water supplies and the ocean and lakes our children play in. Fertilizer, oil, pesticides, detergents, pet waste, grass clippings. You name it and it ends up in our water.

Stormwater pollution is one of New Jersey's greatest threats to clean and plentiful water, and that's why we're all doing something about it.

By sharing the responsibility and making small, easy changes in our daily lives, we can keep common pollutants out of stormwater. It all adds up to cleaner water, and it saves the high cost of cleaning up once it's dirty.

As part of New Jersey's initiative to keep our water clean and plentiful and to meet federal requirements, many municipalities and other public agencies including colleges and military bases must adopt ordinances or other rules prohibiting various activities that contribute to stormwater pollution. Breaking these rules can result in fines or other penalties.



As a resident, business, or other member of the New Jersey community, it is important to know these easy things you can do every day to protect our water.

Limit your use of fertilizers and pesticides

- Do a soil test to see if you need a fertilizer.
- Do not apply fertilizers if heavy rain is predicted.
- Look into alternatives for pesticides.
- Maintain a small lawn and keep the rest of your property or yard in a natural state with trees and other native vegetation that requires little or no fertilizer.
- If you use fertilizers and pesticides, follow the instructions on the label on how to correctly apply it.



Make sure you properly store or discard any unused portions.

Properly use and dispose of hazardous products

- Hazardous products include some household or commercial cleaning products, lawn and garden care products, motor oil, antifreeze, and paints.
- Do not pour any hazardous products down a storm drain because storm drains are usually connected to local waterbodies and the water is not treated.

- If you have hazardous products in your home or workplace, make sure you store or dispose of them properly. Read the label for guidance.

- Use natural or less toxic alternatives when possible.

- Recycle used motor oil.

- Contact your municipality, county or facility management office for the locations of hazardous-waste disposal facilities.



Keep pollution out of storm drains

- Municipalities and many other public agencies are required to mark certain storm drain inlets with messages reminding people that storm drains are connected to local waterbodies.

- Do not let sewage or other wastes flow into a stormwater system.

Clean up after your pet

- Many municipalities and public agencies must enact and enforce local pet-waste rules.

- An example is requiring pet owners or their keepers to pick up and properly dispose of pet waste dropped on public or other people's property.

- Make sure you know your town's or agency's requirements and comply with them. It's the law. And remember to:

- Use newspaper, bags or pooper-scoopers to pick up wastes.

- Dispose of the wrapped pet waste in the trash or un-wrapped in a toilet.

- Never discard pet waste in a storm drain.

Don't feed wildlife

- Do not feed wildlife, such as ducks and geese, in public areas.

- Many municipalities and other public agencies must enact and enforce a rule that prohibits wildlife feeding in these areas.



Dispose of yard waste properly

- Keep leaves and grass out of storm drains.

- If your municipality or agency has yard waste collection rules, follow them.

- Use leaves and grass clippings as a resource for compost.

- Use a mulching mower that recycles grass clippings into the lawn.

Don't litter

- Place litter in trash receptacles.

- Recycle. Recycle. Recycle.

- Participate in community cleanups.



Contact information

For more information on stormwater related topics, visit www.njstormwater.org or www.nonpointsource.org

Additional information is also available at U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Web sites www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater or www.epa.gov/nps

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
 Division of Water Quality
 Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control
 Municipal Stormwater Regulation Program
 (609) 633-7021



April 2008

Pet Waste Pollutes Our Waters

What You Can Do To Help Protect Our Water

Clean and plentiful water is important to our families, our environment, our economy and our quality of life.

Did you know that animal waste from pets can pollute our waters? When left on the ground, pet waste is washed by rain and melting snow and ice into storm drains that carry it to our rivers, lakes, the ocean and drinking water.

Animal waste contains a high concentration of nutrients as well as bacteria and disease-causing microorganisms that can cause problems.

What you can do

Pet owners or anyone who takes your pet for walks must properly dispose of the waste by picking it up, wrapping it and either placing it in the trash or flushing it unwrapped down the toilet.

Your municipality is required to adopt and enforce local pet-waste laws. At a minimum, your community must require that pet owners or their keepers **immediately and properly** dispose of their pet's solid waste deposited on **any public or private property not owned or possessed by that person**. People with assistance animals such as Seeing Eye dogs are exempt.

Make sure you know what your municipality requires – and follow it.

Thank you for doing your part to keep New Jersey's waters clean.

For more information, please contact the following:

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Water Quality
Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control
Municipal Stormwater Regulation Program
(609) 633-7021



Visit www.stormwater.org or www.nonpointsource.org
Additional information is also available at U.S.
Environmental Protection Agency Web sites
www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater or www.epa.gov/nps



SPPP Form 5 – Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment Program

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. How does the municipality define ‘major development’?
Major Development means any development that provides for ultimately disturbing one or more acres of land, or more than 10,000 square feet of net impervious coverage. Disturbance for the purpose of this rule is the placement of impervious surface or exposure and/or movement of soil or bedrock or clearing, cutting, or removing of vegetation.
2. Does the municipality approach residential projects differently than it does for non-residential projects? If so, how?
No.
3. What process is in place to ensure that municipal projects meet the Stormwater Control Ordinance?
<p>We are already ensuring that all new residential development and redevelopment projects that are subject to the Residential Site Improvement Standards for stormwater management (including the NJDEP Stormwater Management rules, NJAC 7:8, referenced in those standards) are in compliance with those standards. Our planning and zoning boards ensure such compliance before issuing preliminary or final subdivision or site plan approvals under the Municipal Land Use Law.</p> <p>Once the ordinances become in effect (within 12 months of plan adoption), we will ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of best management practices for the projects by requiring a project maintenance plan similar to the maintenance plan described in our draft of that ordinance, and by requiring and funding the implementation of the plan. We will also require any storm drain inlets that we install to comply with the design standard in Attachment C of our permit. We ensure such operation and maintenance for any new development or redevelopment projects on our property by complying with the maintenance requirements in that ordinance. In addition, any storm drain inlets we install for such projects will comply with that ordinance’s standards for such inlets.</p>
4. Describe the process for reviewing major development project applications for compliance with the Stormwater Control Ordinance (SCO) and Residential Site Improvement Standards (RSIS). Attach a flow chart if available.
Residential projects must meet the Residential Site Improvement Standards for stormwater management design before the Borough of Woodlynne Planning and Zoning Boards. The RSIS standards are the same as the design and performance standards for stormwater management under NJAC 7:8-5 and the design and performance standards being implemented in the Woodlynne Stormwater Management Plan.

<p>5. Does the Municipal Stormwater Management Plan include a mitigation plan?</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>6. What is the physical location of approved applications for major development projects, Major Development Summary Sheets (permit att. D), and mitigation plans?</p>	<p>200 Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ</p>

SPPP Form 6 – Ordinances

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

Ordinance permit cite IV.B.1.b.iii	Date of Adoption	Website URL	Was the DEP model ordinance adopted without change?	Entity responsible for enforcement
1. Pet Waste permit cite IV.B.5.a.i	5/6/2006 Ord#2006 12	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
2. Wildlife Feeding permit cite IV.B5.a.ii	5/11/06 Ord#2006-16	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
3. Litter Control permit cite IV.B5.a.iii	5/11/06 Ord#2006-10	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
4. Improper Disposal of Waste permit cite IV.B.5.a.iv	5/11/06 Ord#2006-09	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
5. Containerized Yard Waste/ Yard Waste Collection Program permit cite IV.B.5.a.v	5/11/06 Ord#2006-15	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
6. Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting permit cite IV.B.5.a.vi	4/8/2010 Ord#2010-3	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
7. Stormwater Control Ordinance permit cite IV.B.4.g and IV.B.5.a.vii	5/11/06 Ord#2006-20	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
8. Illicit Connection Ordinance permit cite IV.B.5.a.vii and IV.B.6.d	5/11/06 Ord#2006-14	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials
9. Optional: Refuse Container/ Dumpster Ordinance permit cite IV.E.2	4/8/2010 Ord#2010-2	See note A below.	Yes	Municipal Officials

Indicate the location of records associated with ordinances and related enforcement actions:

Records are maintained at 200 Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ.

Note A: the ordinances can be found at <http://woodlynne-nj.com/departments/public-works/storm-water-management/>

SPPP Form 7 – Street Sweeping

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Provide a written description or attach a map indicating which streets are swept as required by the NJPDES permit. Describe the sweeping schedule and indicate if any of the streets are swept by another entity through a shared service arrangement.

According to the Woodlynne DPW staff, there aren't any non-residential, curbed, Borough owned or operated streets with a posted speed limit of 35 mph or less that require street sweeping under the MS4 regulations. Mount Ephraim Avenue (Route 168) is a state owned road.

2. Provide a written description or attach a map indicating which streets are swept that are NOT required to be swept by the NJPDES permit. Describe the sweeping schedule and indicate if any of the streets are swept by another entity through a shared service arrangement.

Streets are swept as needed by Woodlynne Public Works. The streets are not swept by another entity.

3. Does the municipality provide street sweeping services for other municipalities? If so, please describe the arrangements.

Woodlynne does not provide street sweeping services to other municipalities.

4. Indicate the location of records, including sweeping dates, areas swept, number of miles swept and total amount of wet tons collected each month. Note which records correspond to sweeping activities beyond what is required by the NJPDES permit, i.e., sweepings of streets within the municipality that are not required by permit to be swept or sweepings of streets outside of the municipality.

Since Woodlynne is not required to sweep the streets, records are not maintained of street sweeping.

SPPP Form 8 – Catch Basins and Storm Drain Inlets

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Describe the schedule for catch basin and storm drain inlet inspection, cleaning, and maintenance.
The Borough of Woodlynne has implemented an annual catch basin cleaning program to maintain catch basin function and efficiency. All catch basins will be inspected once a year. If, at the time of inspection, no sediment, trash or debris is observed in the catch basin, then that catch basin will not need to be cleaned. All catch basins will also be inspected yearly, even if they are found to be clean, the previous year. At this time, the cleaning of the catch basins will also be inspected for proper function. Maintenance will be scheduled for those catch basins that are in disrepair.
2. List the locations of catch basins and storm drain inlets with recurring problems, i.e., flooding, accumulated debris, etc.
Currently the Borough of Woodlynne does not have any recurring catch basins and storm drain inlets problems.
3. Describe what measures are taken to address issues for catch basins and storm drain inlets with recurring problems and how they are prioritized.
When the Borough of Woodlynne is performing its annual maintenance inspections, any problems will be scheduled for the appropriate repairs.
4. Describe the inspection schedule and maintenance plan for storm drain inlet labels on storm drains that do not have permanent wording cast into the design.
Inlet labeling and markers are inspected monthly and replaced as needed. These inspections takes place when we do our monthly cleanings.
5. Indicate the location of records of catch basin and storm drain inlet inspections and the wet tons of materials collected during catch basin and storm drain inlet cleanings.
4 th Street and Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ

SPPP Form 9 – Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Describe the procedure for ensuring that municipally owned storm drain inlets are retrofitted.
The municipal engineer will ensure in project plans that retrofitting will be completed according DEP requirements.
2. Describe the inspection process to verify that appropriate retrofits are completed on municipally owned storm drain inlets.
The municipal engineer inspector will verify all road projects to be completed with the appropriate retrofits on municipal owned storm drain inlets.
3. Describe the procedure for ensuring that privately owned storm drain inlets are retrofitted.
Currently there aren't any privately owned storm drain inlets located in Woodlynne. If the need should arise for privately owned storm drain inlets, the Stormwater Program Coordinator will perform inspection.
4. Describe the inspection process to verify that appropriate retrofits are completed on privately owned storm drain inlets.
Currently there aren't any privately owned storm drain inlets located in Woodlynne. If the need should arise for privately owned storm drain inlets, the Stormwater Program Coordinator will perform inspection.

SPPP Form 10 – Municipal Maintenance Yards and Other Ancillary Operations

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

Complete separate forms for each municipal yard or ancillary operation location.

Address of municipal yard or ancillary operation:

Municipal Yard Address: 4th Street and Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ.

List all materials and machinery located at this location that are exposed to stormwater which could be a source of pollutant in a stormwater discharge:

Raw materials – none

Intermediate products – none

Final products – none

Waste materials – none

By-products – none

Machinery – none

Fuel – none

Lubricants – none

Solvents – none

Detergents related to municipal maintenance yard or ancillary operations – none

Other – none

<p>For each category below, describe the best management practices in place to ensure compliance with all requirements in permit Attachment E. If the activity in the category is not applicable for this location, indicate where it occurs.</p> <p>Indicate the location of inspection logs and tracking forms associated with this municipal yard or ancillary operation, including documentation of conditions requiring attention and remedial actions that have been taken or have been planned.</p>	
1. Fueling Operations	
	N/A – There aren't any municipal fueling facilities in Woodlynne. Vehicles are refueled at a public gas station.
2. Vehicle Maintenance	
	Vehicle maintenance is not performed at the DPW facility.
3. On-Site Equipment and Vehicle Washing	
	<i>See permit attachment E for certification and log forms for Underground Storage Tanks.</i>
	Vehicle washing occurs at a commercial car washing facility.
4. Discharge of Stormwater from Secondary Containment	
	n/a
5. Salt and De-Icing Material Storage and Handling	
	Borough of Woodlynne uses a salt for de-icing purposes which is currently stored in a fully enclosed structure.

<p>6. Aggregate Material and Construction Debris Storage</p>
<p>none</p>
<p>7. Street Sweepings, Catch Basin Clean Out and Other Material Storage</p>
<p>Street sweepings and catch basin debris are disposed of immediately. There are none stored on site.</p>
<p>8. Yard Trimmings and Wood Waste Management Sites</p>
<p>The Borough does not have yard trimmings and wood waste management sites.</p>
<p>9. Roadside Vegetation Management</p>
<p>The Borough of Woodlynne currently does not perform roadside vegetation management.</p>

SPPP Form 11 – Employee Training

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

<p>A. Municipal Employee Training: Stormwater Program Coordinator (SPC) must ensure appropriate staff receive training on topics in the chart below as required due to job duties assigned within three months of commencement of duties and again on the frequency below. Indicate the location of associated training sign in sheets, dates, and agendas or description for each topic.</p>		
Topic	Frequency	Title of trainer or office to conduct training
1. Maintenance Yard Operations (including Ancillary Operations)	Every year	Stormwater Program Coordinator
2. Stormwater Facility Maintenance	Every year	Stormwater Program Coordinator
3. SPPP Training & Recordkeeping	Every year	Stormwater Program Coordinator
4. Yard Waste Collection Program	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
5. Street Sweeping	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
6. Illicit Connection Elimination and Outfall Pipe Mapping	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
7. Outfall Pipe Stream Scouring Detection and Control	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
8. Waste Disposal Education	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
9. Municipal Ordinances	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
10. Construction Activity/Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment	Every 2 years	Stormwater Program Coordinator
<p>B. Municipal Board and Governing Body Members Training: Required for individuals who review and approve applications for development and redevelopment projects in the municipality. This includes members of the planning and zoning boards, town council, and anyone else who votes on such projects. Training is in the form of online videos, posted at www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/training.htm.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">Within 6 months of commencing duties, watch <i>Asking the Right Questions in Stormwater Review Training Tool</i>. Once per term thereafter, watch at least one of the online DEP videos in the series available under Post-Construction Stormwater Management. Indicate the location of records documenting the names, video titles, and dates completed for each board and governing body member.</p>		
<p>C. Stormwater Management Design Reviewer Training: All design engineers, municipal engineers, and others who review the stormwater management design for development and redevelopment projects on behalf of the municipality must attend the first available class upon assignment as a reviewer and every five years thereafter. The course is a free, two-day training conducted by DEP staff. Training dates and locations are posted at www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/training.htm. Indicate the location of the DEP certificate of completion for each reviewer.</p>		

SPPP Form 12 – Outfall Pipes

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. **Mapping:** Attach an image or provide a link to the most current outfall pipe map. Maps shall be updated at the end of each calendar year.

Note that ALL maps must be electronic by 21 Dec 2020 via the DEP's designated electronic submission service. For details, see http://www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/msrp_map_aid.htm.

2. **Inspections:** Describe the outfall pipe inspection schedule and indicate the location of records of dates, locations, and findings.

Inspections are conducted annually. The DEP Illicit Connection Inspection report form to conduct inspections are kept with our SPPP records.

3. **Stream Scouring:** Describe the program in place to detect, investigate and control localized stream scouring from stormwater outfall pipes. Indicate the location of records related to cases of localized stream scouring. Such records must include the contributing source(s) of stormwater, recommended corrective action, and a prioritized list and schedule to remediate scouring cases.

In conjunction with performing the annual illicit connection program, we will be performing stream scouring inspections from the outfall pipes. Records are maintained by the Stormwater Program Coordinator at 4th Street and Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ.

4. **Illicit Discharges:** Describe the program in place for conducting visual dry weather inspections of municipally owned or operated outfall pipes. Record cases of illicit discharges using the DEP's Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form (www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/tier_a_forms.htm) and indicate the location of these forms and related illicit discharge records.

Note that Illicit Connection Inspection Report Forms shall be included in the SPPP and submitted to DEP with the annual report.

Annual visual inspections of the municipally owned or operated outfall pipes are conducted annually during a period of dry weather. The Borough of Woodlynne will use the DEP Illicit Connection Inspection report form to conduct inspections. These forms will be kept with our SPPP records. Outfall pipes that are found to have a dry weather flow or evidence of an intermittent non-stormwater flow will be rechecked again to locate the illicit connection. If we are able to locate the illicit connection and the connection is within the Borough of Woodlynne, we will site the responsible party for being in violation of our illicit Connection Ordinances, and we will have the collection eliminated immediately. If, after the appropriate amount of investigation, we are unable to locate the source of the illicit connection, we will submit the Closeout Investigation Form with our annual inspection and recertification. If an illicit connection is found to originate from another public entity, the Borough of Woodlynne will report the illicit connection to the DEP.

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28	11.52

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8	100

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9	25.01
10	25.01

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3	100

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2	100

FOURTH

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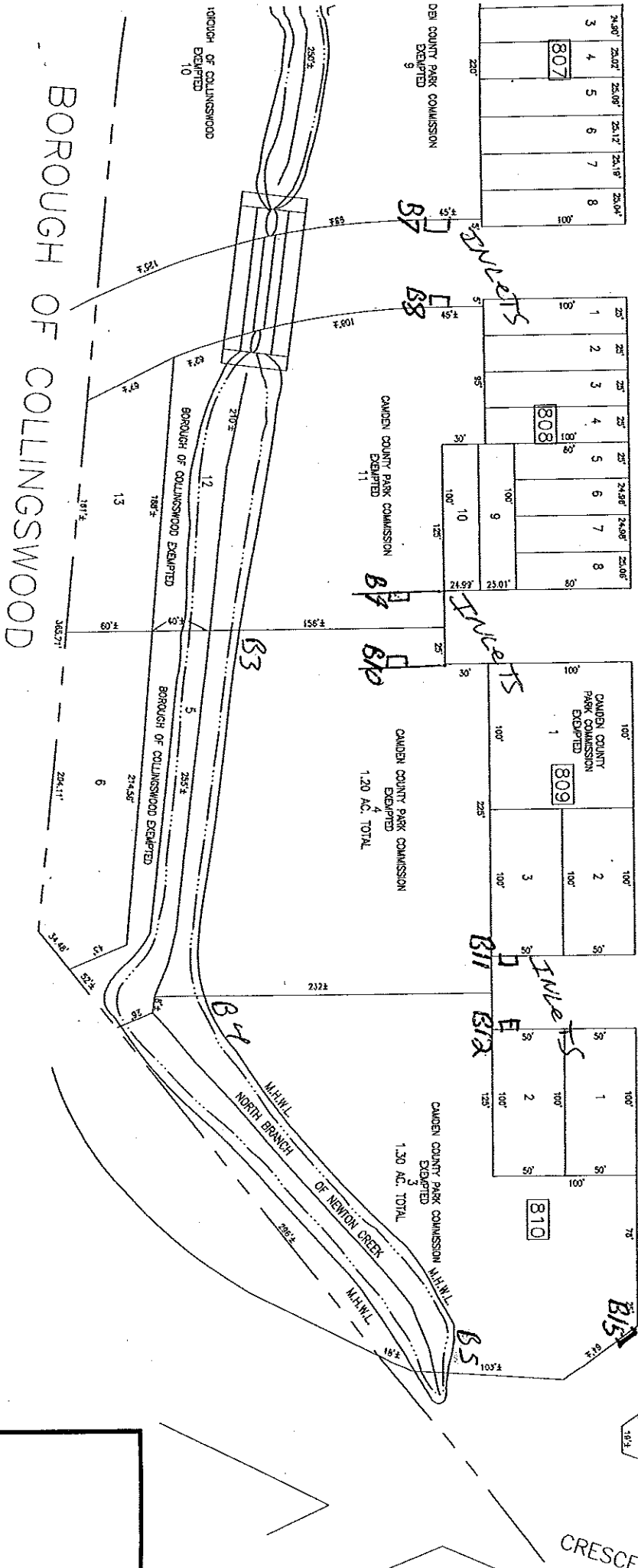
EVERGREEN

CYPRESS

LAUREL

STREET INLETS

CRESCENT



BOROUGH OF COLLINGSWOOD

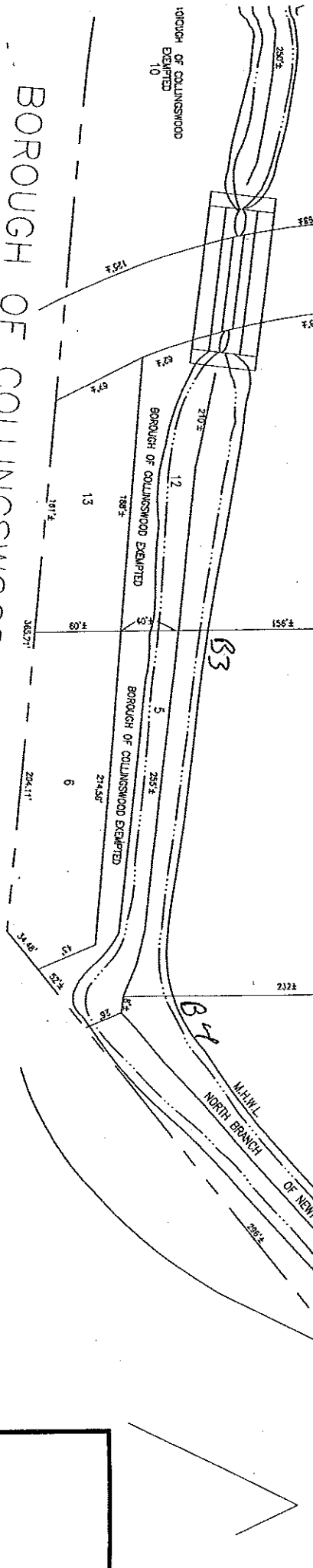
10000 OF COLLINGSWOOD EXEMPTED 10

DEI COUNTY PARK COMMISSION EXEMPTED 9

CAMDEN COUNTY PARK COMMISSION EXEMPTED 11

CAMDEN COUNTY PARK COMMISSION EXEMPTED 1.20 AC. TOTAL 4

CAMDEN COUNTY PARK COMMISSION EXEMPTED 1.30 AC. TOTAL 3



HIRD

SHEET

STREET

INLETS

0	100'	100'
2	75'	75'

10 OF
LYNNE
1
APRD

±595'

±662'

±595'

BORO OF
WOODLYNNE
4
EXEMPTED

501

1	100'	100'
2	100'	100'
3	100'	100'
4	100'	100'
5	100'	100'
6	100'	100'
7	100'	100'

PARKER AVENUE

8	100'	100'
9	100'	100'
10	100'	100'
11	100'	100'
12	100'	100'
13	100'	100'
14	100'	100'
15	100'	100'
16	100'	100'
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27	100'	100'
28	100'	100'
29	100'	100'

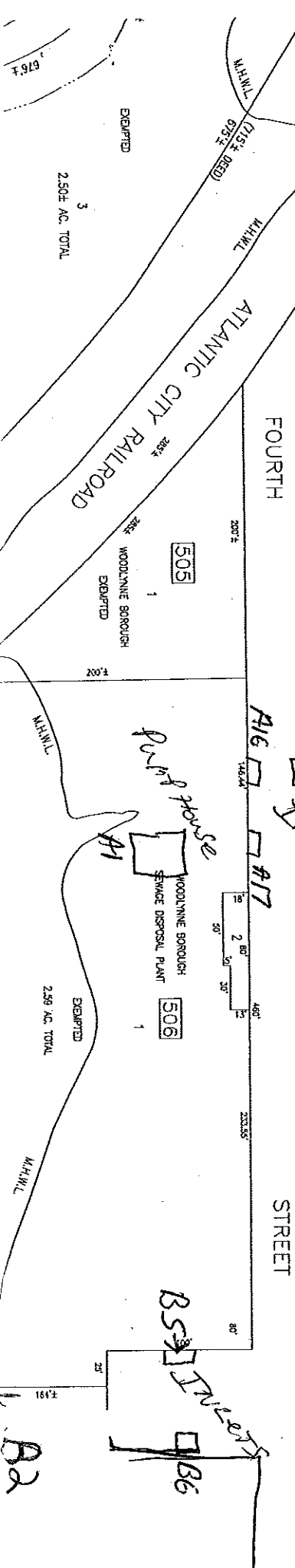
CHESTNUT AVENUE

17	100'	100'
18	100'	100'
19	100'	100'
20	100'	100'
21	100'	100'
22	100'	100'
23	100'	100'
24	100'	100'
25	100'	100'
26	100'	100'
27	100'	100'
28	100'	100'
29	100'	100'
30	100'	100'
31	100'	100'
32	100'	100'
33	100'	100'
34	100'	100'
35	100'	100'
36	100'	100'
37	100'	100'

COOPER AVENUE

28	100'	100'
29	100'	100'
30	100'	100'
31	100'	100'
32	100'	100'
33	100'	100'
34	100'	100'
35	100'	100'
36	100'	100'
37	100'	100'
38	100'	100'
39	100'	100'
40	100'	100'
41	100'	100'
42	100'	100'

LINDEN AVENUE



Ba

B5

B6

Woodlynn Borough Sewage Disposal Plant

WOODLYNNE BOROUGH SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT

506

505

200

502

501

503

504

FOURTH

STREET

A16 A17

A13

B4

B3

Ba

B5

B6

Woodlynn Borough Sewage Disposal Plant

WOODLYNNE BOROUGH SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT

506

505

200

502

501

503

504

FOURTH

STREET

A16 A17

A13

B4

B3

WOODLYNNE AVENUE

9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
14.07'	14.18'	14.27'	14.37'	14.47'	14.57'	14.67'	14.77'	14.87'	14.97'

19	20	21	22	23	24	25
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
19.75'	20.25'	20.75'	21.25'	21.75'	22.25'	22.75'

2	3	4	5	6	7	8
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
17.17'	17.17'	17.17'	17.17'	17.17'	17.17'	17.17'

POWELTON AVENUE

16	17	18	19	20	21	22
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
16.07'	16.22'	16.37'	16.52'	16.67'	16.82'	16.97'

11	12	13	14	15	16	17
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
11.27'	11.27'	11.27'	11.27'	11.27'	11.27'	11.27'

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'	30.78'

CEDAR AVENUE

23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	
100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'	100'
2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	2.9'	

VACATED STREET

THIRD STREET

STREET

VACATED STREET

VACATED STREET

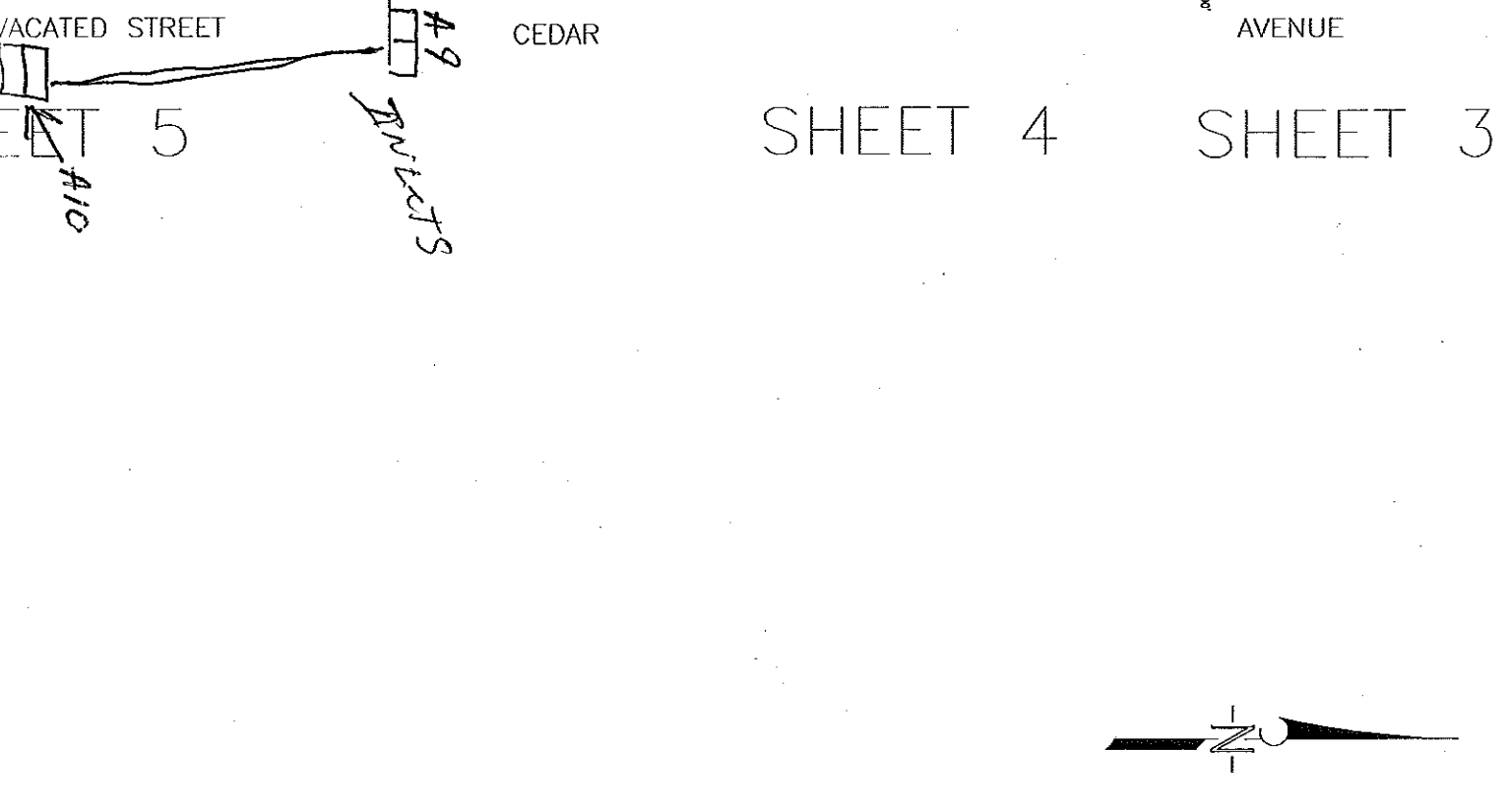
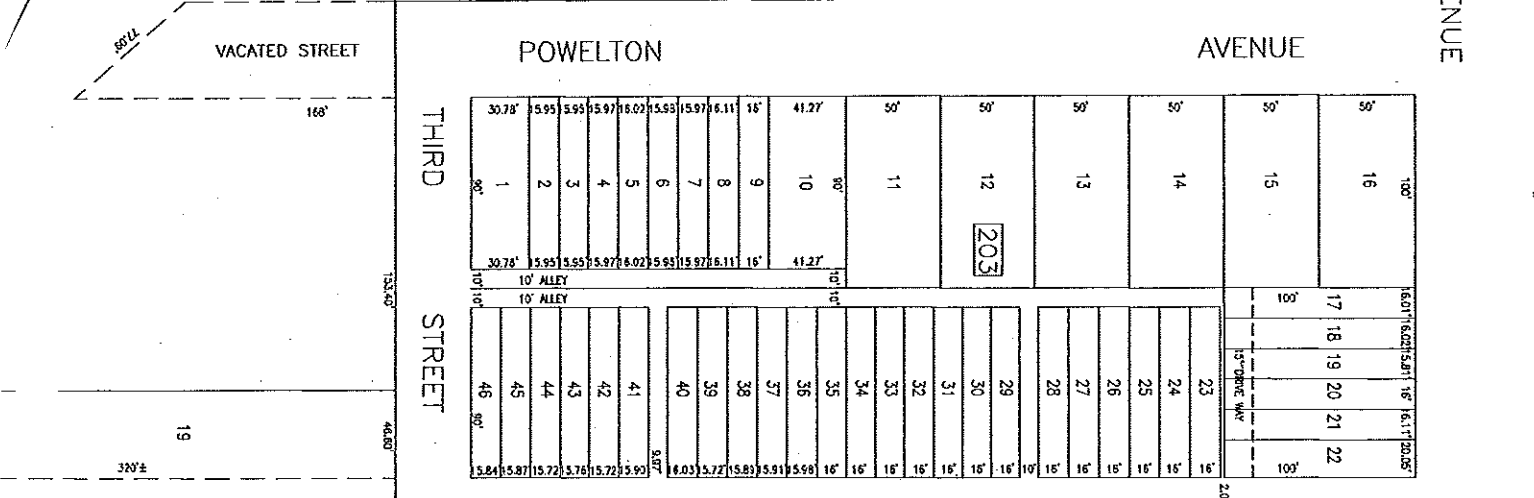
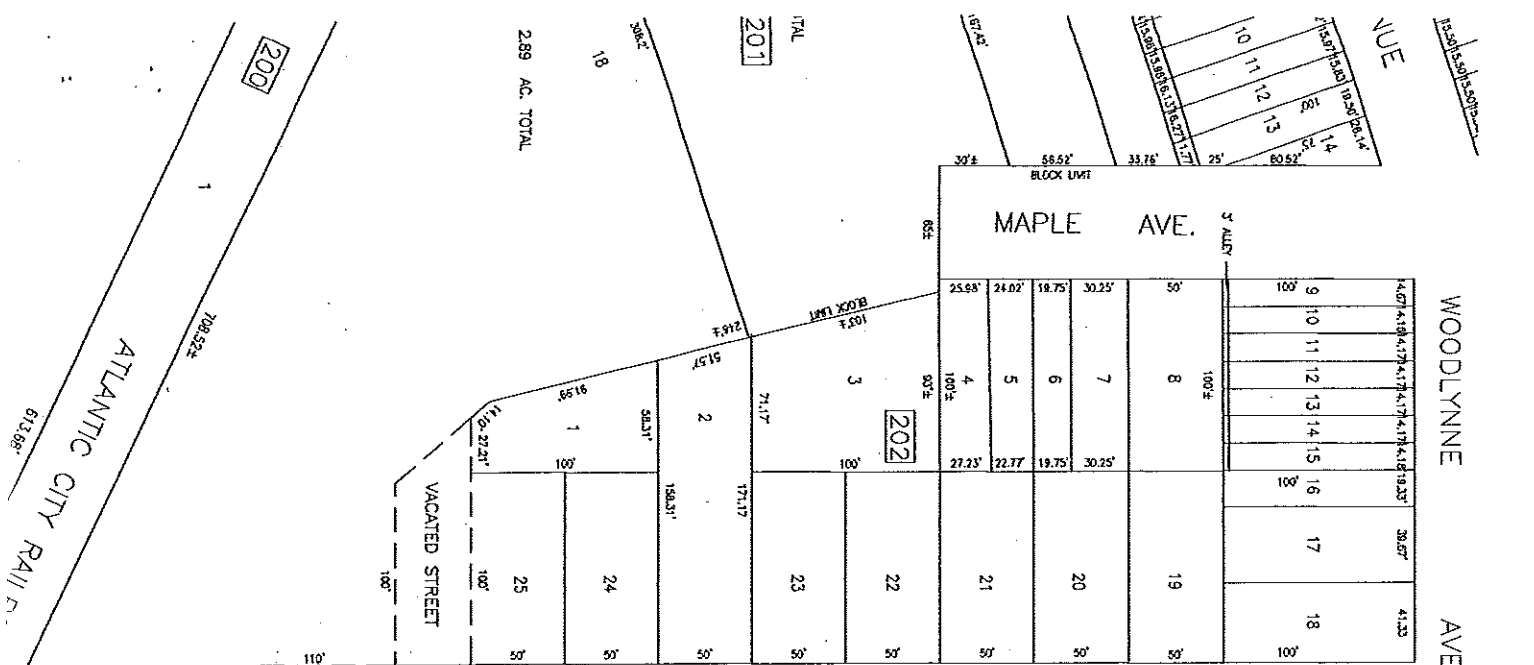
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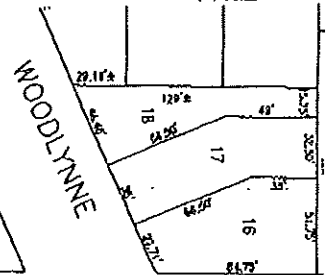
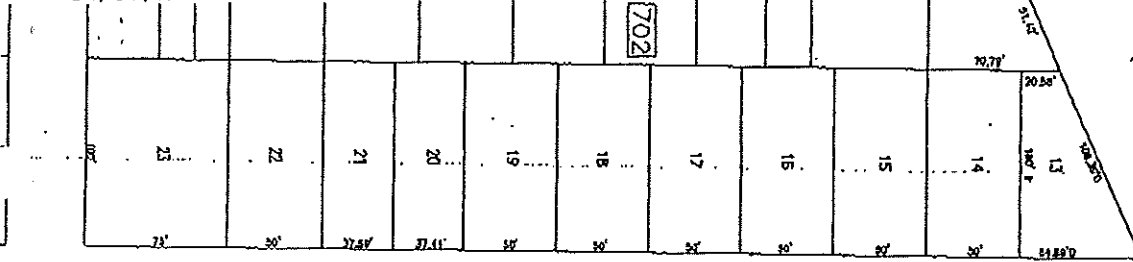
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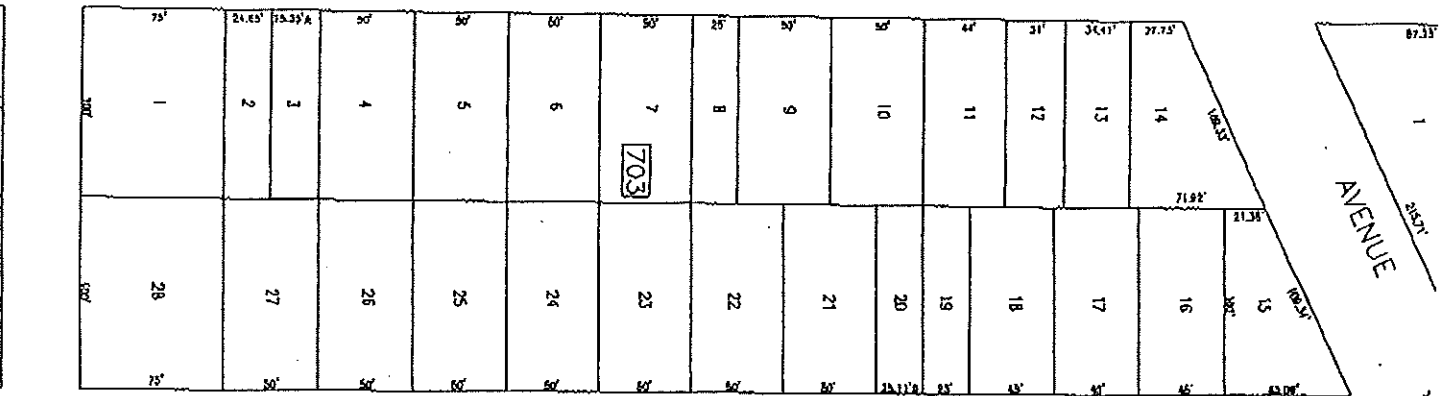
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SHEET 3

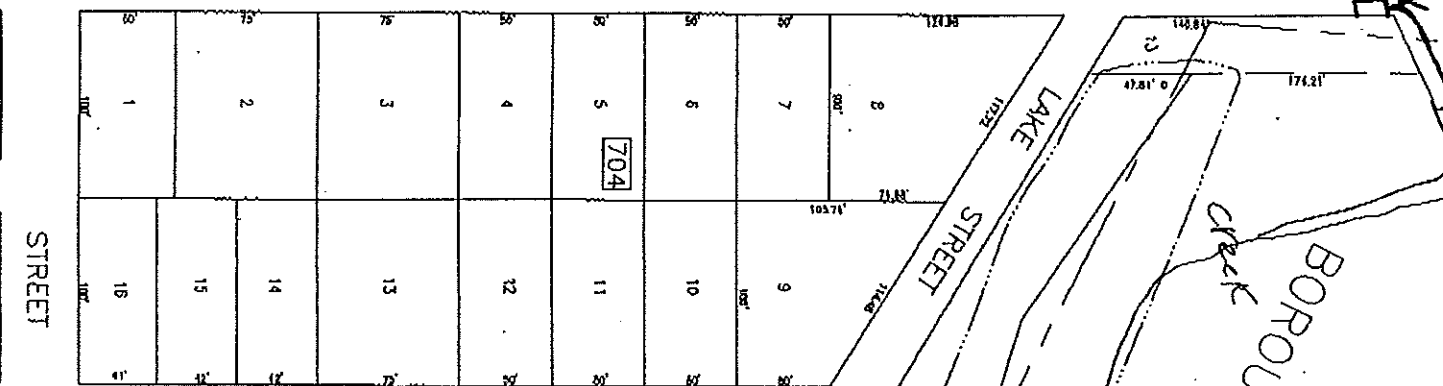




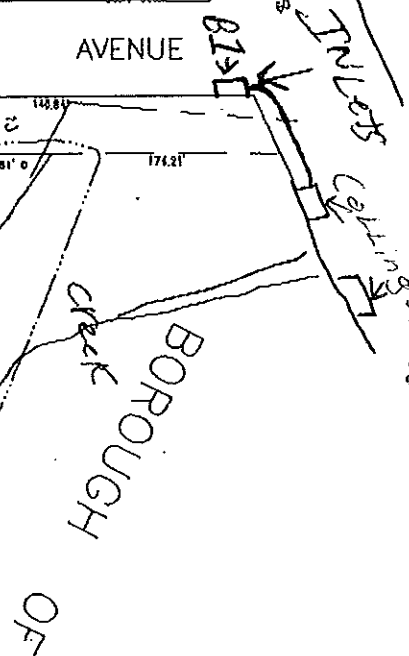
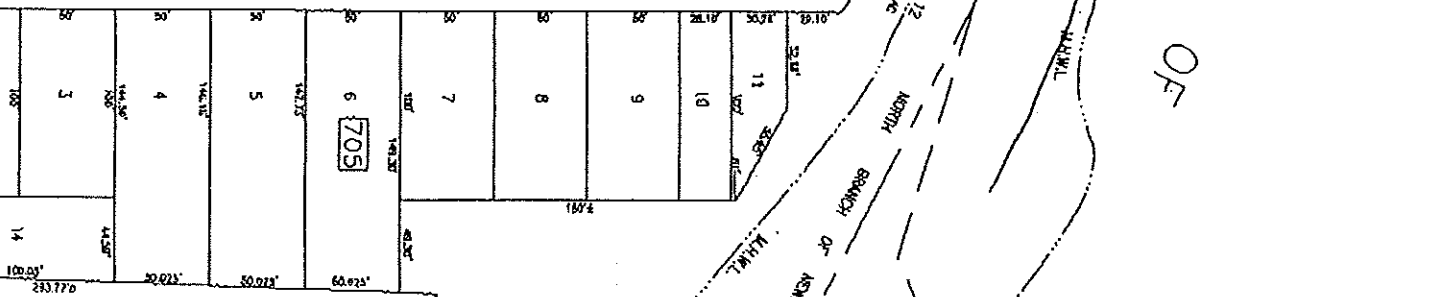
EVERGREEN AVENUE



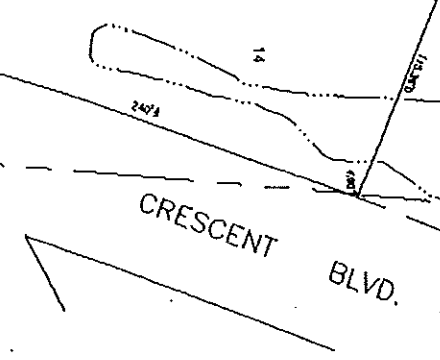
CYPRESS AVENUE

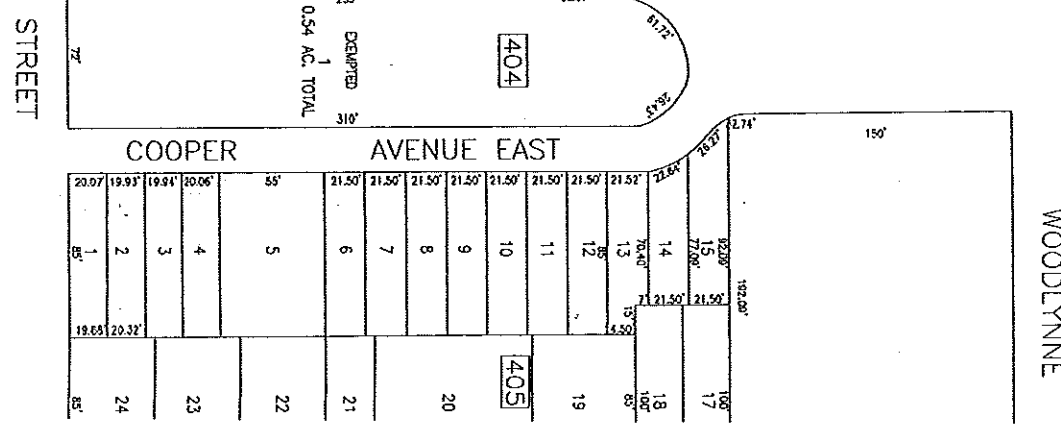
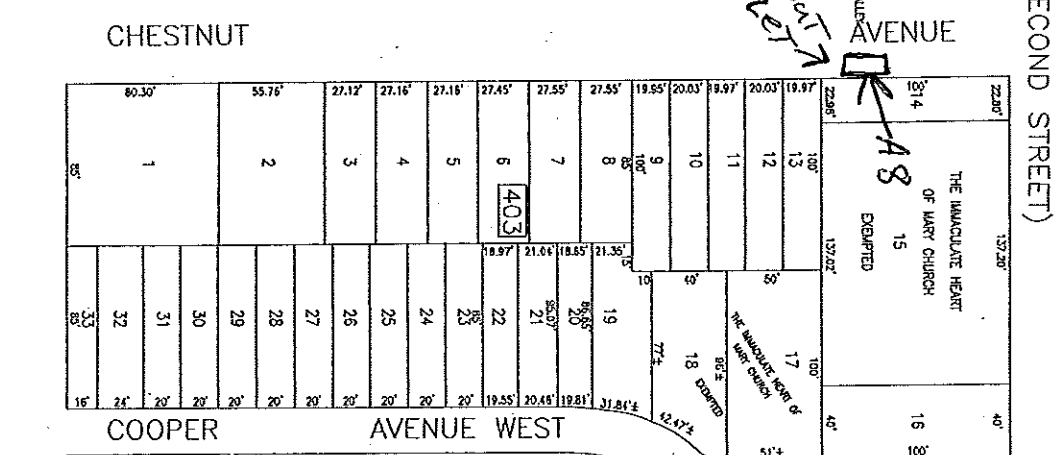
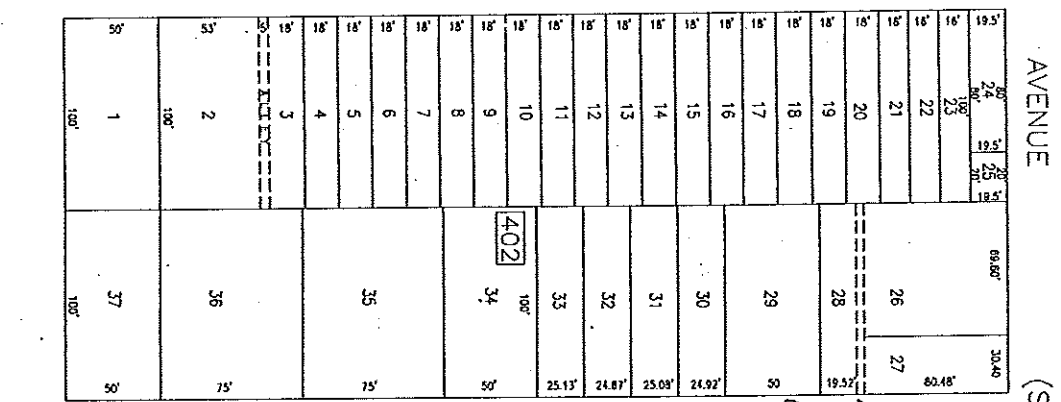
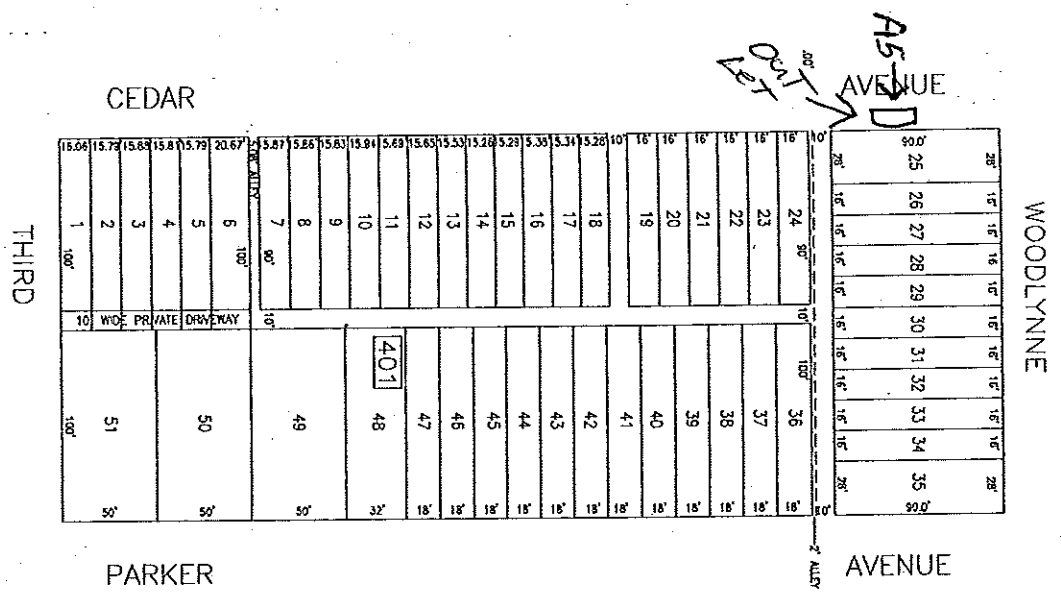
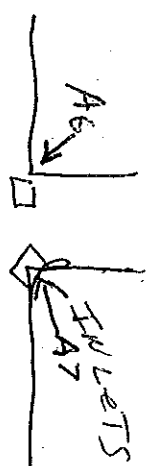
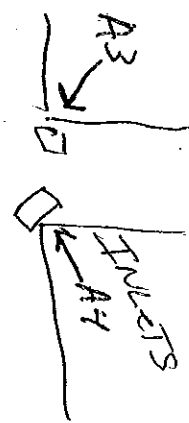


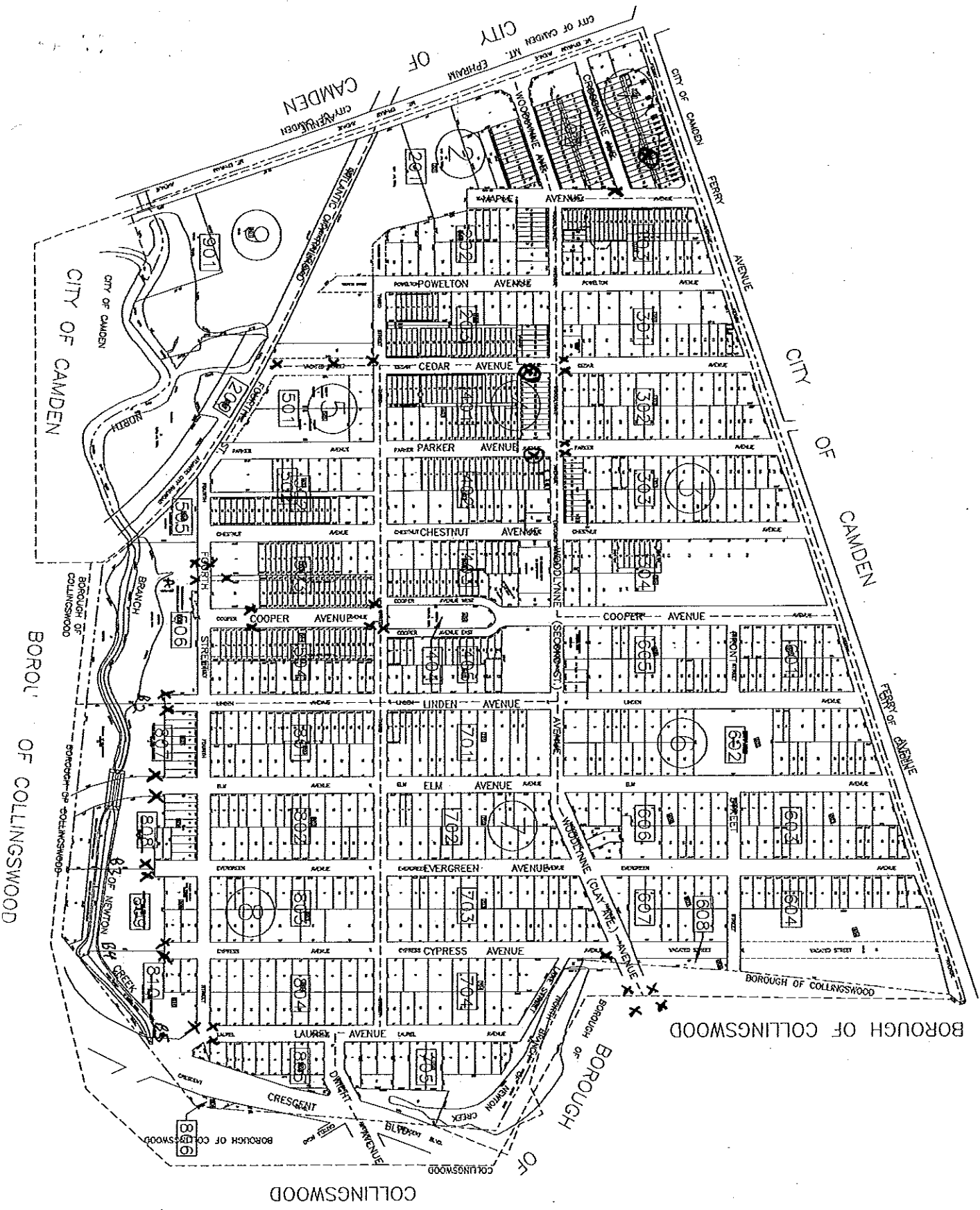
LAUREL AVENUE



CRESCENT BLVD.







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SPPP Form 13 – Stormwater Facilities Maintenance

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

<p>1. Detail the program in place for the long-term cleaning, operation and maintenance of each stormwater facility owned or operated by the municipality.</p>
<p>The Borough of Woodlynne operates a stormwater pump station. Weekly inspections and cleanings of the pump station are performed. Annual inspection and maintenance of pump is performed.</p>
<p>2. Detail the program in place for ensuring the long-term cleaning, operation and maintenance of each stormwater facility NOT owned or operated by the municipality.</p>
<p>n/a</p>
<p>3. Indicate the location(s) of the Stormwater Facilities Inspection and Maintenance Logs listing the type of stormwater facilities inspected, location information, inspection dates, inspector name(s), findings, preventative and corrective maintenance performed.</p>
<p>Logs are maintained by the Stormwater Coordinator at 4th Street and Cooper Avenue, Woodlynne, NJ.</p>
<p>Note that maintenance activities must be reported in the annual report and records must be available upon request. DEP maintenance log templates are available at http://www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/maintenance_guidance.htm (select specific logs from choices listed in the Field Manuals section).</p> <p><i>Additional Resources: The NJ Hydrologic Modeling Database contains information and maps of stormwater management basins. To view the database map, see https://hydro.rutgers.edu. To download data in an Excel format, see https://hydro.rutgers.edu/public_data/.</i></p>

SPPP Form 14 – Total Maximum Daily Load Information

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Using the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) reports provided on www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/msrp-tmdl-rh.htm, list adopted TMDLs for the municipality, parameters addressed, and the affected water bodies that impact the municipality's MS4 program.

The url for the Borough of Woodlynne's TMDL is <https://www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/tmdl/0437.html>

Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control

[Find Forms](#) | [Contact Us](#)

Municipality and County

Woodlynne Borough
Camden County

Total Maximum Daily Load(TMDL) Information for Selected Municipality:

Applicable Stream TMDL(s)

- Total Maximum Daily Load for Mercury Impairments Based on Concentration in Fish Tissue Caused Mainly by Air Deposition to Address 122 HUC 14s Statewide

Mercury - 2010 : Newton Creek (LDRV-Kaighn Ave to LT Ck) : [View the TMDL Document](#)

- Total Maximum Daily Loads for Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) for Zones 2 - 5 of the Tidal Delaware River

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) - 2003 : Newton Creek (LDRV-Kaighn Ave to LT Ck) : [View the TMDL Document](#)

Applicable Lake TMDL(s)

None

Applicable Shellfish TMDL(s)

None

2. Describe how the permittee uses TMDL information to prioritize stormwater facilities maintenance projects and to address specific sources of stormwater pollutants.

Implementation strategies may include improved stormwater treatment plans, adoption of ordinances, reforestation of stream corridors, retrofitting stormwater systems, and other best management practices, or BMPs.

SPPP Form 15 – Optional Measures

All records must be available upon request by NJDEP.

1. Describe any Best Management Practice(s) the permittee has developed that extend beyond the requirements of the Tier A MS4 NJPDES permit that prevents or reduces water pollution.

Streets are swept as needed by Woodlynne Public Works.

2. Has the permittee adopted a Refuse Container/Dumpster Ordinance?

Yes. The Refuse Container/Dumpster Ordinance was adopted on 4/8/2010 as ordinance #2010-2